BELIZE:

STATUTORY INSTRUMENT

No. 81 of 2013

ORDER made by the Minister of Finance in exercise of the powers conferred upon him by section 95A of the Income and Business Tax Act, Chapter 55 of Laws of Belize, Revised Edition 2000-2003, as amended by the Income and Business Tax (Amendment) Act, 2009 (No. 6 of 2009), and all other powers thereunto him enabling.

(Gazetted 26th September, 2013.)

WHEREAS, section 95A(1) of the Income and Business Tax Act, Chapter 55 of the Laws of Belize, Revised Edition 2000-2003, as amended by the Income and Business Tax (Amendment) Act, 2009 (No. 6 of 2009) [hereinafter referred to as "the Act"] provides that the Minister [of Finance] may enter into Tax Information Exchange Agreements with the government of any country or territory outside Belize with a view to applying international standards on transparency and effective exchange of information relating to tax matters;

AND WHEREAS, subsection (2) of section 95A of the Act further provides that every such agreement as aforesaid shall be incorporated in an Order which shall be published in the Gazette as a statutory instrument, and upon such publication, the Order shall have the force of law in Belize notwithstanding anything in this or any other enactment, and the restrictions contained in section 4 of the Act on the disclosure of information shall not apply with respect to a request for information pursuant to such agreement;

AND WHEREAS, the Minister of Finance has entered into a Tax Information Exchange Agreement with the Government of the **Republic of India,**

NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY ordered as follows:-

Short title.

1. This Order may be cited as the

TAX INFORMATION EXCHANGE AGREEMENT (BELIZE/INDIA) ORDER, 2013.

Interpretation.

2. In this Order, unless the context otherwise requires-

Schedule.

"Agreement" means the Agreement between the Government of Belize and the Government of the Republic of India for the Exchange of Information with respect to Taxes, signed on the 18th September, 2013, as set out in the Schedule hereto:

"authorised representative" of the Minister means the Financial Secretary;

"competent authority" means, in the case of Belize, the Minister of Finance or the Financial Secretary; and in the case of India, the Finance Minister, Government of India, or its authorised representative;

"days' means calendar days;

CAP. 272.

"IFS Practitioner" means any person or entity licensed by the International Financial Services Commission to carry on the business of 'international financial services' as that term is defined in section 2 of the International Financial Services Commission Act;

"financial institution" means a bank or financial institution as defined in the Domestic Banks and Financial Institutions

No. 11 of 2012.

Act or the International Banking Act, and includes brokerage firms and insurance companies;

CAP. 267.

"Minister" means the Minister of Finance:

"reporting entity" shall have the meaning assigned to it in section 2 of the Money Laundering and Terrorism (Prevention) Act, 2008;

No. 18/2008.

"service provider" has the meaning assigned to it in the Trust and Company Service Providers (Best Practices) Regulations;

S.I. 37/2007

"supervisory authority" shall have the meaning assigned to it in section 2 of the Money Laundering and Terrorism (Prevention) Act, 2008;

No. 18/2008.

3. For the purpose of complying with a request for information pursuant to the Agreement, the Financial Secretary shall have power to obtain and provide all such information, including (without limitation):

Power of the Financial Secretary to obtain and provide information.

- (a) information held by banks, other financial institutions, and any person acting in any agency or fiduciary capacity including nominees and trustees;
- (b) information regarding the ownership of companies, partnerships, trusts and foundations including ownership information on all such persons in an ownership chain; in the case of trusts, information on settlors, trustees, beneficiaries and protectors; and in the case of foundations, information on founders, members of the foundation council and beneficiaries.

Duty to supply information to the Financial Secretary.

- 4. (1) Where the Financial Secretary is satisfied that a request for information from the competent authority of India falls within the terms of the Agreement, he may under his hand require any bank, financial institution, reporting entity, supervisory authority, IFS Practitioner, Trust Agent, Registered Agent of International Business Companies, Foundations or International Limited Liability Companies, Service Providers, Registrar of (local) Companies, Registrar of International Business Companies, Registrars of domestic and International Trusts, Registrar of Foundations, Registrar of Limited Liability Partnerships, Registrar of International Limited Liability Companies, Supervisor of (domestic) Insurance, Supervisor of International Insurance, taxing authority, public statutory corporations, public officers, or any other person, who the Financial Secretary believes may have relevant information, to furnish such information or produce such document as may be required to comply with the request for information.
- (2) Every person who is required by the Financial Secretary to provide information or produce documents pursuant to this Order shall provide the requisite information or documents as soon as possible but no later than thirty (30) days from the date of the request for information.
- (3) Every person who refuses or fails to supply such information or documents to the Financial Secretary, or wilfully supplies false or misleading information, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years, or to both such fine and term of imprisonment.
- (4) No restrictions on the disclosure of information contained in any other law shall apply to a request for information pursuant to the Agreement and no suit for breach of confidentiality or other such action shall lie against any person who discloses information, produces documents

or renders other assistance in compliance with a request for information under this Order.

5. This Order shall come into force on the 1st day of December, 2013.

Commencement.

MADE by the Minister of Finance this 26^{th} day of September, 2013.

(DEAN O. BARROW)

Minister of Finance

SCHEDULE

[Paragraph 2]

AGREEMENT

BETWEEN

THE GOVERNMENT OF BELIZE

AND

THE GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF INDIA

FOR

THE EXCHANGE OF INFORMATION WITH RESPECT TO TAXES

The Government of Belize and the Government of the Republic of India, desiring to facilitate the exchange of information with respect to taxes, have agreed as follows:

Article 1 Object and Scope of the Agreement

The competent authorities of the Contracting Parties shall provide assistance through exchange of information that is foreseeably relevant to the administration and enforcement of the domestic laws of the Contracting Parties concerning taxes covered by this Agreement. Such information shall include information that is foreseeably relevant to the determination, assessment and collection of such taxes, the recovery and enforcement of tax claims, or the investigation or prosecution of tax matters. Information shall be exchanged in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement. The rights and safeguards secured to persons by the laws or administrative practice of the requested Party remain applicable to the extent that they do not unduly prevent or delay effective exchange of information.

Article 2 Jurisdiction

Information shall be exchanged in accordance with this Agreement without regard to whether the person to whom the information relates is, or whether the information is held by, a resident of a Contracting Party. However, a Requested Party is not obliged to provide information which is neither held by its authorities nor is in the possession or control of persons who are within its territorial jurisdiction.

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Article 3 Taxes Covered

- 1. The taxes which are the subject of this Agreement are:
- a) in Belize, taxes of every kind and description imposed by the Central Government or local authorities, irrespective of the manner in which they are levied;
- b) in India, taxes of every kind and description imposed by the Central Government or the Governments of political subdivisions or local authorities, irrespective of the manner in which they are levied;
- 2. This Agreement shall also apply to any identical or substantially similar taxes imposed after the date of signature of this Agreement in addition to, or in place of, the existing taxes. The competent authorities of the Contracting Parties shall notify each other of any substantial changes to the taxation and related information gathering measures which may affect the obligations of that Party pursuant to this Agreement.

Article 4 Definitions

- 1. For the purposes of this Agreement, unless otherwise defined:
- a) the term "Belize" means the land and sea areas as defined in Schedule 1 to the Belize Constitution, including the territorial waters and any other area in the sea and in the air within which Belize, in accordance with international law, exercises sovereign rights or its jurisdiction;
- b) the term "India" means the territory of India and includes the territorial sea and airspace above it, as well as any other maritime zone in which India has sovereign rights, other rights and jurisdiction, according to the Indian law and in accordance with international law, including the U.N. Convention on the Law of the Sea;
- c) the term "Contracting Party" means Belize or India, as the context requires;
- d) the term "competent authority" means
 - i) in the case of Belize, the Minister of Finance or his authorised representative;
 - ii) in the case of India, the Finance Minister, Government of India, or its authorized representative;

- e) the term "person" includes an individual, a company, a body of persons and any other entity which is treated as a taxable unit under the taxation laws in force in the respective Contracting Parties;
- f) the term "company" means any body corporate or any entity that is treated as a body corporate for tax purposes;
- g) the term "publicly traded company" means any company whose principal class of shares is listed on a recognised stock exchange provided its listed shares can be readily purchased or sold by the public. Shares can be purchased or sold "by the public" if the purchase or sale of shares is not implicitly or explicitly restricted to a limited group of investors;
- h) the term "principal class of shares" means the class or classes of shares representing a majority of the voting power and value of the company;
- the term "recognised stock exchange" means
 - in Belize, the International Stock Exchange of the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland Limited, the New York Stock Exchange, the American Stock Exchange, the National Association of Securities Dealers' Automated Quotation System of the United States of America or any other stock exchange approved for this purpose by the Minister of Finance;
 - in India, the National Stock Exchange, the Bombay Stock Exchange, and any other stock exchange recognised by the Securities and Exchange Board of India; and
 - (iii) any other stock exchange which the competent authorities agree to recognise for the purposes of this Agreement;
- j) the term "collective investment fund or scheme" means any pooled investment vehicle, irrespective of legal form.
- k) the term "public collective investment fund or scheme" means any collective investment fund or scheme provided the units, shares or other interests in the fund or scheme can be readily purchased, sold or redeemed by the public. Units, shares or other interests in the fund or scheme can be readily purchased, sold or redeemed "by the public" if the purchase, sale or redeemption is not implicitly or explicitly restricted to a limited group of investors:
- I) the term "tax" means any tax to which this Agreement applies;
- m) the term "requesting Party" means the Contracting Party-

- (i) submitting a request for information to, or
- (ii) having received information from,

the requested Party.

- n) the term "requested Party" means the Contracting Party-
 - (i) which is requested to provide information, or
 - (ii) which has provided information.
- o) the term "information gathering measures" means laws and administrative or judicial procedures that enable a Contracting Party to obtain and provide the requested information;
- p) the term "information" means any fact, statement, document or record in whatever form:
- 2. As regards the application of this Agreement at any time by a Contracting Party, any term not defined therein shall, unless the context otherwise requires or the competent authorities agree to a common meaning pursuant to the provisions of Article 9 of this Agreement, have the meaning that it has at that time under the law of that Party, any meaning under the applicable tax laws of that Party prevailing over a meaning given to the term under other laws of that Party.

Article 5 Exchange of Information Upon Request

- 1. The competent authority of the requested Party shall provide upon request information for the purposes referred to in Article 1. Such information shall be exchanged without regard to whether the requested Party needs such information for its own tax purposes or whether the conduct being investigated would constitute a crime under the laws of the requested Party if such conduct occurred in the requested Party.
- 2. If the information in the possession of the competent authority of the requested Party is not sufficient to enable it to comply with the request for information, that Party shall use all relevant information gathering measures to provide the requesting Party with the information requested, notwithstanding that the requested Party may not need such information for its own tax purposes.

- 3. If specifically requested by the competent authority of the requesting Party, the competent authority of the requested Party shall provide information under this Article, to the extent allowable under its domestic laws, in the form of depositions of witnesses and authenticated copies of original records.
- 4. Each Contracting Party shall ensure that its competent authority, for the purposes of this Agreement, has the authority to obtain and provide upon request:
- a) information held by banks, other financial institutions, and any person, including nominees and trustees, acting in an agency or fiduciary capacity;
- b) information regarding the legal and beneficial ownership of companies, partnerships, collective investment funds or schemes, trusts, foundations, "Anstalten" and other persons, including, within the constraints of Article 2, ownership information on all such persons in an ownership chain; in the case of collective investment funds or schemes, information on shares, units and other interests; in the case of trusts, information on settlors, trustees and beneficiaries; in the case of foundations, information on founders, members of the foundation council and beneficiaries; and equivalent information in case of entities that are neither trusts nor foundations.
- 5. This Agreement does not create an obligation on the Contracting Parties to obtain or provide ownership information with respect to publicly traded companies or public collective investment funds or schemes unless such information can be obtained without giving rise to disproportionate difficulties.
- 6. The competent authority of the requesting Party shall provide the following information to the competent authority of the requested Party when making a request for information under the Agreement to demonstrate the foreseeable relevance of the information to the request:
- (a) the identity of the person under examination or investigation;
- (b) the period for which information is requested;
- (c) the nature of the information requested and the form in which the requesting Party would prefer to receive it;
- (d) the tax purpose for which the information is sought;
- (e) grounds for believing that the information requested is present in the requested Party or is in the possession or control of a person within the jurisdiction of the requested Party;

- (f) to the extent known, the name and address of any person believed to be in possession or control of the requested information;
- (g) a statement that the request is in conformity with the laws and administrative practices of the requesting Party, that if the requested information was within the jurisdiction of the requesting Party then the competent authority of the requesting Party would be able to obtain the information under the laws of the requesting Party or in the normal course of administrative practice and that it is in conformity with this Agreement;
- (h) a statement that the requesting Party has pursued all means available in its own territory to obtain the information, except those that would give rise to disproportionate difficulties.
- 7. The competent authority of the requested Party shall forward the requested information as promptly as possible to the requesting Party. To ensure a prompt response, the competent authority of the requested Party shall:
- a) Confirm receipt of a request in writing to the competent authority of the requesting Party and shall notify the competent authority of the requesting Party of deficiencies in the request, if any, within 60 days of the receipt of the request.
- b) If the competent authority of the requested Party has been unable to obtain and provide the information within 90 days of receipt of the request, including if it encounters obstacles in furnishing the information or it refuses to furnish the information, it shall immediately inform the requesting Party, explaining the reason for its inability, the nature of the obstacles or the reasons for its refusal.

Article 6 Tax Examinations Abroad

- 1. At the request of the competent authority of the requesting Party, the requested Party may allow representatives of the competent authority of the requesting Party to enter the territory of the requested Party, to the extent permitted under its domestic laws, to interview individuals and examine records with the prior written consent of the individuals or other persons concerned. The competent authority of the requesting Party shall notify the competent authority of the requested Party of the time and place of the intended meeting with the individuals concerned.
 - 2. At the request of the competent authority of the requesting Party, the requested Party may allow representatives of the competent authority of the

requesting Party to be present at the appropriate part of a tax examination in the requested Party, in which case the competent authority of the requested Party conducting the examination shall, as soon as possible, notify the competent authority of the requesting Party about the time and place of the examination, the authority or official designated to carry out the examination and the procedures and conditions required by the requested Party for the conduct of the examination. All decisions with respect to the conduct of the tax examination shall be made by the Party conducting the examination.

Article 7 Possibility of Declining a Request for information

- 1. The competent authority of the requested Party may decline to assist:
- (a) where the request is not made in conformity with this Agreement; or
- (b) where the requesting Party has not pursued all means available in its own territory to obtain the information, except where recourse to such means would give rise to disproportionate difficulty; or
- (c) where disclosure of the information would be contrary to public policy (ordre public) of the requested Party.
- 2. This Agreement shall not impose on a Contracting Party the obligation:
- (i) to supply information which would disclose any trade, business, industrial, commercial or professional secret or trade process, provided that information described in paragraph 4 of Article 5 shall not be treated as such a secret or trade process merely because it meets the criteria in that paragraph; or
- (ii) to obtain or provide information, which would reveal confidential communications between a client and an attorney, solicitor or other admitted legal representative where such communications are:
 - (a) produced for the purposes of seeking or providing legal advice; or
- (b) produced for the purposes of use in existing or contemplated legal proceedings; or
- (iii) to carry out administrative measures at variance with its laws and administrative practices, provided nothing in this subparagraph shall affect the obligations of a Contracting Party under paragraph 4 of Article 5.
- A request for information shall not be refused on the ground that the tax claim giving rise to the request is disputed.

- 4. The requested Party shall not be required to obtain and provide information which the requesting Party would be unable to obtain in similar circumstances under its own laws for the purpose of the administration or enforcement of its own tax laws or in response to a valid request from the requested Party under this Agreement.
- 5. The requested Party shall not decline to provide information solely because the request does not include all the information required under Article 5 if the information can otherwise be provided according to the law of the requested Party.

Article 8 Implementation Legislation

The Contracting Parties shall enact any legislation necessary to comply with, and give effect to, the terms of the Agreement. Such legislation shall be enacted within six months of entry into force of this Agreement.

Article 9 Mutual Agreement Procedure

- 1. Where difficulties or doubts arise between the Contracting Parties regarding the implementation or interpretation of the Agreement, the competent authorities shall endeavour to resolve the matter by mutual agreement. In addition, the competent authorities of the Contracting Parties may mutually agree on the procedures to be used under Articles 5, 6 and 8 of this Agreement.
- 2. The competent authorities of the Contracting Parties may communicate with each other directly for purposes of reaching agreement under this Article.

Article 10 Entry into Force

- 1. The Contracting Parties shall notify each other in writing, through diplomatic channels, of the completion of the procedures required by the respective laws for the entry into force of this Agreement.
- 2. This Agreement shall enter into force on the date of the later of the notifications referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article and shall thereupon have effect forthwith.

Article 11 Termination

- This Agreement shall remain in force until terminated by either Contracting Party.
- 2. Either Contracting Party may, after the expiry of five years from the date of its entry into force, terminate the Agreement by serving a written notice of termination to the other Contracting Party through diplomatic channels.
- 3. Such termination shall become effective on the first day of the month following the expiration of a period of six months after the date of receipt of notice of termination by the other Contracting Party. All requests received up to the effective date of termination shall be dealt with in accordance with the provisions of the Agreement.

In witness whereof, the undersigned, being duly authorised thereto, have signed this Agreement.

DONE in duplicate at Belmopan this 18 day of Sept. 2013, each in the English and Hindi languages, both texts being equally authentic. In case of divergence of interpretation, the English text shall prevail.

For the Government of

Belize

(DEAN O. BARROW)

Prime Minister and Minister of Finance and

Economic Development

For the Government of the Republic of India:

(SUJAN R. CHINOY)

High Commissioner of India to Belize